Amendment dated November 16, 2005 Reply to Office Action of June 16, 2005

Page 2 of 10

Amendments to the Claims:

- 1. (Currently amended) A heat-sensitive stencil master comprising a heat-sensitive polymeric film having a thickness of less than 10 µm and, coated thereon, a solid-resinent foam comprising a cross-linked resin and a foaming agent.
- 2. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 1, wherein the foaming agent is a surfactant having an HLB of greater than 6.
- 3. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 1, wherein the solid foam incorporates a fibrous material.
- 4. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 3, wherein the fibrous material has a diameter of greater than 1 μm and less than 10 μm , and a length in the range of 100 μm to 14 mm.
- 5. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 3, wherein the fibrous material has a length in the range of 100 μm to 500 μm.
- 6. (Currently amended) A stencil master according to claim 3, wherein the fibrous material is selected from the group consisting of carbon fibres, glass fibres, and polymeric fibres such as polyester fibres and polyvinyl alcohol fibres.
- 7. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 6, wherein the fibrous material comprises carbon fibres.
 - 8. 9. (Cancelled)

Amendment dated November 16, 2005 Reply to Office Action of June 16, 2005

- Page 3 of 10
- 10. (Currently amended) A stencil master according to claim 91, wherein the resin is cross-linked by irradiation.
- 11. (Currently amended) A stencil master according to claim 101, wherein the resin is cross-linked by electron beam irradiation.
- 12. (Currently amended) A stencil master according to claim 91, wherein the resin is a polyurethane cross-linked through unsaturated acrylate groups.
- 13. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 1, wherein the solid foam incorporates an antistatic agent.
- 14. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 1, wherein the heat-sensitive polymeric film has a release coating on the side of the film opposite the solid foam.
- 15. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 1, wherein the foaming agent comprises ammonium stearate, a sulphate foaming agent or a mixture thereof.
 - 16. (Cancelled)
- 17. (Original) A stencil for use in a digital duplicating printing process comprising a stencil master as defined in claim 1, which has been thermally imaged to produce voids in the heat-sensitive polymeric film.
 - 18. (Cancelled)
- 19. (Currently amended) A heat-sensitive stencil master comprising a heat-sensitive polymeric film and, coated thereon, a solid porous resin coating comprising a cross-linked resin

RTA01/2183770v1

Amendment dated November 16, 2005 Reply to Office Action of June 16, 2005

Page 4 of 10

and having a filler dispersed therein, wherein the filler is selected from the group consisting of carbon fibres, carbon particles and mixtures thereof.

- 20. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 19, wherein the filler comprises carbon fibres having a diameter of greater than 1 μ m and less than 10 μ m, and a length in the range of 100 μ m to 14 mm.
- 21. (Original) A stencil master according to claim 20, wherein the carbon fibres have a length in the range of 100 µm to 500 µm.
 - 22. 23. (Cancelled)
- 24. (Currently amended) A stencil master according to claim 2319, wherein the resin is cross-linked by electron beam irradiation.
 - 25. (Cancelled)
- 26. (Original) A stencil for use in a digital duplicating printing process comprising a stencil master as defined in claim 19, which has been thermally imaged to produce voids in the heat-sensitive polymeric film.
 - 27. (Cancelled)
- 28. (Original) A method for manufacturing a heat-sensitive stencil comprising coating onto a heat-sensitive polymeric film having a thickness of less than 10 μm, a liquid foam comprising a resin dispersed or dissolved in a volatile liquid, and, optionally, a foaming agent, and drying the liquid foam to form a solid foam coating.

RTA01/2183770v1

Amendment dated November 16, 2005 Reply to Office Action of June 16, 2005

Page 5 of 10

- 29. (Original) A method according to claim 28, wherein the volatile liquid is water.
- 30. (Original) A stencil master produced by the method defined in claim 28.
- 31. (New) A stencil master according to claim 6, wherein the polymeric fibres are selected from the group consisting of polyester fibres and polyvinyl alcohol libres.
- 32. (New) A stencil master according to claim 1, wherein the stencil master has a stiffness (mN):coating weight (g/m²) ratio of at least 6.
- 33. (New) A stencil master according to claim 1, wherein the stencil master has a stiffness (mN):coating weight (g/m²) ratio of at least 8.
- 34. (New) A stencil master according to claim 1, wherein the stencil master has a stiffness (mN):coating weight (g/m²) ratio of at least 10.
- 35. (New) A stencil master according to claim 19, wherein the stencil master has a stiffness (mN):coating weight (g/m²) ratio of at least 6.
- 36. (New) A stencil master according to claim 19, wherein the stencil master has a stiffness (mN):coating weight (g/m²) ratio of at least 8.
- 37. (New) A stencil master according to claim 19, wherein the stencil master has a stiffness (mN):coating weight (g/m^2) ratio of at least 10.